

# Bowl Round 3

## First Quarter

(1) The crannog of Cherry Island lies in this body of water, on whose shores lie Urquhart Castle and the town of Fort Augustus. The "Surgeon's Photograph" was a hoax purportedly depicting a creature that lived in this lake. For ten points, name this Scottish body of water, purportedly home to a crypto-creature named Nessie.

ANSWER: **Loch Ness** (or **Lake Ness**)

(2) Albert Schweitzer won the 1952 Nobel Peace Prize in part for building one of these institutions in Gabon. Poor conditions in one of these buildings in Scutari led Isambard Kingdom Brunel to build a prefabricated one of these during the Crimean War. One of these in Kunduz was accidentally attacked in 2015 by the US Air Force. For ten points, name these institutions built in warzones by Doctors Without Borders.

ANSWER: **hospital**

(3) This island's native population, known for long, wavy beards, rebelled in Shakushain's Revolt. This island's port of Hakodate [**pr. hah-ko-dah-tay**] was the capital of its breakaway Republic of Ezo. The first Asian Winter Olympics were held on this island at Sapporo. The Seikan Tunnel connects this home of the Ainu people to its southern neighbor, Honshu. The Sea of Okhotsk is north of, for ten points, what northernmost of Japan's four main islands?

ANSWER: **Hokkaido** (or **Ezo**)

(4) This agreement "confirms and guarantees [...] the full exclusive and undisturbed possession of their lands and estates," though the translated form of that guarantee uses a phrase that has been translated as both "independence" and "unqualified exercise of chieftainship." In agreeing to this document, Hone Heke asked its signer to "stay with us and be like a father." Some 540 rangatira signed, For ten points, what agreement between the British and the Maori, signed on February 6, 1840?

Answer: Treaty of **Waitangi**

(5) Jean Chrétien cancelled a program to replace Canadians vehicles of this type known as Sea Kings. Gary Gordon and Randy Shughart were killed while defending one of these vehicles near the Bakaara market. During the Battle of Mogadishu, two of these vehicles were grounded by RPG fire. The Sikorsky Black Hawk is, for ten points, what type of military aircraft, which uses rotary wings?

ANSWER: **helicopter**

(6) An attack on this city was led by Ritter von Leeb and carried out during Operation Northern Light. A supply route called the Road of Life helped resupply this city by ferrying supplies across Lake Lagoda. During the relief of this city, the Baltic fleet fired on troops from Army Group North after breaking 900 days of siege. For ten points, name this city, named for the first leader of the Soviet Union.

ANSWER: **Leningrad** (prompt on **St. Petersburg**; do not accept or prompt "Petrograd")

(7) This building, where a table always held a dozen loaves of "showbread," was the cultural and religious center of the Hasmonean Kingdom, which gained its independence following the Maccabean Revolt. This structure was destroyed on Tisha B'Av in 70 AD, and the Dome of the Rock was built on its former location. The Western, or "Wailing," Wall is the only remaining portion of, for ten points, what Jewish holy building?

ANSWER: Second **Temple** of Jerusalem (do not accept "Temple of Solomon")

(8) Against these weapons, the Doppelsoldners and Rodeleros would break the deadlock created by their "push." These weapons, which were similar to the ancient sarissa, repeatedly saved Rene II against Charles the Bold by using a tight "square" formation. Arquebusiers surrounded users of these weapons in tercios, and the colorful Landsknechts and Swiss mercenaries heavily utilized them. For ten points, name these long Renaissance spears.

ANSWER: **pikes** (or **spears** before mention)

(9) In 2014, during this man's annual question and answer television marathon, Edward Snowden asked him if this leader's country stores private communications. This leader, who supported a 2013 bill banning the rainbow flag and authorized the annexation of Crimea in 2014, traded the roles of Prime Minister and President in 2008 and 2012 with Dmitry Medvedev. For ten points, name this former KGB officer, the current President of Russia.

ANSWER: Vladimir **Putin**

(10) In 1868, over 100 prisoners escaped from this archipelago, led by the exiled Ringatu founder Te Kooti. The Forty-Fours are part of this archipelago, whose second-largest island is Pitt Island and whose largest, T-shaped island is home to the Te Whanga Lagoon and a few hundred people. The Moriori people live on, for ten points, what Pacific archipelago, some 700 kilometers east of New Zealand?

Answer: **Chatham** Islands (or **Rehoku** or **Wharekauri**)

## Second Quarter

(1) This man's pet cat "rocks the Hill" in an unreleased platforming game. He performed "Heartbreak Hotel" and "God Bless the Child" on the Arsenio Hall Show, and used Fleetwood Mac's "Don't Stop (Thinking About Tomorrow)" as his campaign song. During that same campaign, he rebuked a comment made by Sister Souljah and was hailed by Toni Morrison as "the first black president". For the point, name this owner of Socks the Cat and saxophonist who won the 1992 election for President.

ANSWER: William Jefferson "Bill" **Clinton**

BONUS: A different US president, John Quincy Adams, kept a pet type of which reptile in the White House, which is most numerous in the USA in Florida?

ANSWER: American **Alligator**

(2) Grengam and Gangut were two major naval battles in this war, in which Augustus the Strong was defeated. The Cossack leader Ivan Mazeppa switched sides in this war, which was ended by the Treaty of Nystad. One side attacked in a blinding snowstorm to win the Battle of Narva in this war, though Charles XII would later be defeated at Poltava by Peter the Great. For ten points, name this early 18th century war in which Russia soundly defeated Sweden.

ANSWER: **Great Northern** War

BONUS: Peter the Great overestimated Russian strength in the war when he turned and attacked this empire's ports on the Black Sea.

ANSWER: **Ottoman** Empire (or **Turkey**)

(3) In this region, Rachel Corrie was run over by a bulldozer while trying to prevent a house demolition. Ariel Sharon launched a unilateral disengagement from this region, which is home to the currently defunct Yasser Arafat International Airport. In 2014, Operation Protective Edge was launched against this region after the kidnapping and murder of three teenage Israeli settlers. Hamas currently controls, for ten points, what Mediterranean-bordering "strip" once held by Israel?

ANSWER: **Gaza** Strip (prompt on answers mentioning **Palestine**)

BONUS: The aforementioned kidnapping and murder of three Israeli teens sparked an Israeli search operation that was given this name, referencing Cain's response to God.

ANSWER: (Operation) **Brother's Keeper** (accept elaborations, such as "Am I my **brother's keeper**?")

(4) This country's navy was the target of Operation Praying Mantis in retaliation for its mine striking the *USS Samuel B. Roberts*. Terrorists killed 422 people in the Cinema Rex fire, which was blamed on SAVAK, this country's secret police. Allan Dulles planned Operation Ajax to remove Mohammed Mossadegh from power in this country, from where Reza Pahlavi was exiled. For ten points, name this country where a 1979 revolution brought Ayatollah Khomeini to power in Tehran.

ANSWER: Islamic Republic of **Iran** (or Jomhuri ye Eslāmi ye **Irān**)

BONUS: Iran fought a nearly decade-long war throughout the 1980's with which neighboring country?

ANSWER: **Iraq**

(5) During this event, Gustav Courbet was forced to flee to Switzerland after advocating for the destruction of the Vendome Column. Many participants in this event were shot in Pere Lachaise [**pr. pair la-shez**] cemetery or deported to New Caledonia. The Hotel de Ville, Tuileries and Louvre library were destroyed by arson during this event, which was opposed by Adolphe Thiers [**tee-air**]. The Bloody Week ended, for the point, what radical socialist government that briefly ruled Paris in 1871?

ANSWER: **Paris Commune**

BONUS: The Paris Commune took power in the wake of which war, which saw France lose to a country led by Otto von Bismarck?

ANSWER: **Franco-Prussian** War

(6) This man addressed the Shell Crisis during the First World War as Minister of Munitions, and he succeeded Lord Kitchener as Secretary of State for War in 1916. This only Prime Minister to have spoken fluent Welsh was among the "Big Four" at the Versailles Conference. For ten points, name this Liberal British Prime Minister who presided over the end of the First World War.

ANSWER: David **Lloyd George**

BONUS: This Italian member of the Big Four, who shares his last name with a Florida city, quarreled with his foreign minister, Sidney Sonnino, and left the conference without signing.

ANSWER: Vittorio **Orlando**

(7) Habibullah Kalakani led an uprising in this country against the reforms of Amanullah Khan. Mohammad Daoud Khan overthrew this country's last king, Mohammad Zahir Shah. Nur Muhammad Taraki came to power in this country after the Saur Revolution, which led to a decade long Soviet military campaign against the mujahadeen. For the point, name this country where the Taliban once controlled the capital of Kabul.

ANSWER: **Afghanistan**

BONUS: Afghanistan was the central focus of the so-called Great Game in the 19<sup>th</sup> century, which was a struggle for control in Central and South Asia between Britain and which other country?

ANSWER: **Russia**

(8) One leader of this group provided Harry Truman with a list of 12,000 Americans suspected of disloyalty, though Truman refused action. After press coverage of the Apalachin Meeting in 1957, this organization began attacking the U.S. Mafia. Clyde Tolson very briefly succeeded its first leader after a 37-year tenure during which this group coordinated the arrests of John Dillinger and Al Capone. J. Edgar Hoover led, for ten points, what American crime fighting "bureau?"

ANSWER: **Federal Bureau of Investigation** (or **FBI**)

BONUS: J. Edgar Hoover's COINTELPRO program attempted to have this man, who he called the "most notorious liar" in the U.S., arrested for extramarital affairs and communist leanings. The FBI sent a letter to this civil rights leader trying to convince him to commit suicide.

ANSWER: Dr. Martin Luther **King** Jr. (or **MLK**)

## Third Quarter

The categories are ...

1. Ominous Warnings
2. The Olympics and the Southern Hemisphere
3. Captain Cook

**1. Ominous Warnings**

Name the...

(1) Roman dictator killed, as predicted, on the Ides of March?

ANSWER: Gaius Julius **Caesar**

(2) 2005 hurricane that Robert Ricks predicted would make most of New Orleans “UNINHABITABLE FOR WEEKS...PERHAPS LONGER.”

ANSWER: Hurricane **Katrina**

(3) 2012 “superstorm” that flooded New Jersey, shortly after the NWS begged “IF YOU ARE RELUCTANT [to leave], THINK OF YOUR LOVED ONES”.

ANSWER: Hurricane (or Superstorm) **Sandy**

(4) German leader whose abdication was predicted 20 years in advance by Otto von Bismarck.

ANSWER: Kaiser **Wilhelm II** (prompt on Wilhelm)

(5) Physicist who quoted “I am become death, the destroyer of worlds” after the Trinity nuclear test.

ANSWER: J. Robert **Oppenheimer**

(6) Daughter of Priam who was given the power of prophecy, but the curse of never being believed.

ANSWER: **Cassandra**

(7) Soviet premier who refused to mobilize in spite of intelligence about Operation Barbarossa.

ANSWER: Joseph **Stalin**

(8) Tragedy coincidentally foreshadowed by Morgan Robertson’s 1898 novella Futility.

ANSWER: sinking of the RMS **Titanic**

## **2. The Olympics and the Southern Hemisphere**

Answer the following about the Olympics and the Southern Hemisphere

1. Which two countries in the Southern Hemisphere have hosted the Olympics?

ANSWER: **Brazil** and **Australia**

2. Which Southern Hemisphere nation won the men's gold in rugby sevens in Rio?

ANSWER: **Fiji**

3. Which South American country's city of Santiago has been considered as a host for the Winter Olympics?

ANSWER: **Chile**

4. In 1956, the Blood in the Water match saw Hungary defeat the USSR in which sport in Melbourne?

ANSWER: **Water Polo**

5. Which Australian swimmer won a total of 5 golds and is that country's most decorated Olympian?

ANSWER: Ian **Thorpe**

6. New Zealand athletes, including Hamish Carter, finished first and second in which multi-disciplinary event in Athens?

ANSWER: **Triathlon**

7. For the Melbourne Olympics, the equestrian events were held in which Scandinavian city which hosted the 1912 Games?

ANSWER: **Stockholm**

8. Which Aboriginal runner won a gold medal in the 400 meters in Sydney?

ANSWER: Cathy **Freeman**

### 3. Captain Cook

In the career of Captain James Cook, who or what was the...

(1) country for which he sailed and served in the Royal Navy?

ANSWER: **Great Britain** (or UK or England)

(2) continent he discovered on his first voyage that was later used as a penal colony?

ANSWER: **Australia**

(3) continent where he mapped the St. Lawrence River?

ANSWER: **North America**

(4) island group, originally named the Sandwich Islands, where he was killed?

ANSWER: **Hawaiian** Islands

(5) inlet in Sydney he named for its variety of plant life?

ANSWER: **Botany Bay**

(6) ship he commanded during his first voyage?

ANSWER: H.M.S. **Endeavor**

(7) Indonesian city formerly known as Batavia where that ship was repaired?

ANSWER: **Jakarta**

(8) man who was the first European in New Zealand until Cook's trip there?

ANSWER: Abel **Tasman**

## Fourth Quarter

(1) **Pere Joseph was a prominent ally of this man, nicknamed for the grey robe that he wore as a Capuchin friar. Marie de Medici's exile was due to her involvement in a conspiracy to remove this leader, the (+) Day of the Dupes. The man led the siege of the Huguenot castle of La Rochelle and established the Company of a Hundred Associates to govern New France. Known as the (\*) "Red Eminence", he was succeeded by Mazarin in his highest post. For ten points, name this powerful chief minister of Louis XIII, a French cardinal.**

ANSWER: Cardinal **Richelieu** and Fronsac (or Armand Jean du **Plessis**)

(2) **This region was occupied during the Lesser Wrath of 1743 after the Hats' War. After the Second World War, this country secured its safety by signing the (+) YYA Treaty with its larger, eastern neighbor, which this country fought in the Continuation and Winter Wars. A (\*) sniper from this country was nicknamed the "White Death" for his kill count and helped avenge this country's loss of Karelia to the USSR. For ten points, name this Scandinavian country with capital at Helsinki.**

ANSWER: **Finland** (or **Suomi**)

(3) **This event featured a broken commitment from one party to reorganize the Lublin Committee "on a broader democratic basis," and set the Curzon Line as the eastern border of (+) Poland. This event, codenamed Argonaut, featured one participant's pledge to attack Japan after the surrender of (\*) Nazi Germany, and it was followed up five months later by a meeting at Potsdam. For ten points, name this February 1945 meeting between Stalin, Churchill, and Roosevelt which took place on the Crimean Peninsula.**

ANSWER: **Yalta** Conference (or **ARGONAUT** conference; prompt on Crimean Conference before "Crimean" is read)

(4) **This man called one of his works a "proper Vehicle for conveying Instruction among the common People." One work by this man was published under the name Saunders. He detailed his fleeing from Boston to New York and his writing of the Silence (+) Dogood essays in an autobiography published in 1791. The aphorism "early to (\*) bed, early to rise/makes a man healthy, wealthy, and wise" is attributed to, for ten points, what founder of the University of Pennsylvania and author of Poor Richard's Almanac, an American founding father?**

ANSWER: Benjamin **Franklin**

(5) **One performer of this instrument, who wrote "Nuages" [noo-ahzh] and "Minor Swing," combined jazz with his native Romani music. A concerto for this instrument was inspired by the palace gardens of King Philip II in Aranjuez [air-an-weth] and was written by (+) Joaquin [wha-keen] Rodrigo. Django Reinhardt and the writer of "This Land Is Your Land," (\*) Woody Guthrie, both played, for ten points, what instrument, commonly played in classical style in Spain, that has six strings and frets?**

ANSWER: **guitar**



(6) **Charles II excused this scientist from having to become an ordained priest after he became a fellow of Trinity College. This scientist, whose ideas on the scientific method included his statement of "Hypotheses non fingo," attributed his own success to "standing on the (+) shoulders of giants." This scientist retreated to his family home during an outbreak of plague in Cambridge, then developed a theory of (\*) optics and an inverse square law describing forces between any two objects. For ten points, name this scientist who developed three laws of motion and a law of universal gravitation.**

ANSWER: Sir Isaac **Newton**

(7) **A hand position often taken by this person has been nicknamed this person's "diamond" and the "Triangle of Power." This person attacked a former mentor after the 1999 "black money affair." This leader claimed that attempts to build a multicultural society had (+) "utterly failed" in 2010. This leader's government helped bail out Hypo Real Estate, and this Time Magazine (\*) 2015 Person of the Year has agreed to allow an "open-door" policy with regards to Syrian refugees entering her country. For ten points, name this head of the Christian Democratic Union and current Chancellor of Germany.**

ANSWER: Angela Dorothea **Merkel**

(8) **The Suka Wars were fought throughout these locations. During a 1953 incident, Janis Mendriks was killed when soldiers fired into a crowd at one of these institutions. Naftaly Frenkel established a system of (+) rations used at these locations. According to Anne Applebaum, two people who escaped one of these institutions invited a chef along with them so he could be used as food. The first one of these locations opened in 1921 on the (\*) Solovetsky Islands. The town of Vorkuta was created to support, FTP, what Soviet prison camps?**

ANSWER: **gulags** (accept **Soviet labor camps**; prompt on labor camp; prompt on prisons)

## Extra Question

Only read if you need a backup or tiebreaker!

(1) **The majority of this city was destroyed in the Great Fire of Meireki. This city is set to host the 2020 Summer Olympics, having previously hosted the (+) 1964 Summer Olympics. This city's subway was the target of a sarin attack carried out by Aum Shinrikyo. Frank Lloyd Wright's (\*) Imperial Hotel survived a 1923 earthquake in this city. This city, formerly known as Edo, became its country's capital after Emperor Meiji moved to this city from Kyoto. For ten points, name this capital of Japan.**

ANSWER: **Tokyo** (accept **Edo** before read)

BONUS: The Battle of Jutland took place off the coast of what European country?

ANSWER: Kingdom of **Denmark** (Kongeriget **Danmark**)