First Quarter

(1) King Godfred built the Danevirke as a defense against this ruler, and later this ruler concluded the Treaty of Heiligen with the Hemming. This ruler, who died of pleurisy, was succeeded by his son Louis the Pious, and three of his grandsons divided his empire in the Treaty of Verdun. This ruler, who was advised by Alcuin of York, was crowned on Christmas Day by Leo III as Imperator Romanorum. For ten points, name this King of the Franks who was the first Holy Roman Emperor.

ANSWER: Charlemagne (or Charles I or Carolus Magnus)

(2) The longest one of these features in the world is Scoresby Sund. According to myth, some of these features were created by Tu-te-raki-whanoa with an adze. Two of these features are mislabeled as Milford Sound and Doubtful Sound, in a national park in southwestern South Island accurately named for these features. For ten points, name these geographical features common on the coasts of New Zealand and Norway, inlets cut into rock by glaciers.

ANSWER: Fiord (accept Fiordland National Park)

(3) This author wrote about a drunk Pope Julius II who tries to convince Julius into letting him into heaven in Julius Exclusus, and he advocated for Christians to act with faith in his Handbook of a Christian Knight. Hans Holbein created drawings for this man's best known work, which satirizes the workings of the Catholic Clergy. For ten points, name this Dutch humanist who wrote In Praise of Folly.

ANSWER: Desiderius Erasmus

(4) A photo by Yevgeny Khaldei (KHAL - DAY) shows a soldier raising a flag atop a building in this city. In this city, the mural My God, Help Me to Survive This Deadly Love depicts Leonid Brezhnev and Erich Honecker embracing. Lucius D. Clay led relief during Operation Vittles which was known as this city's "Airlift". For ten points, name this capital of Germany.

ANSWER: **Berlin**

(5) This event was achieved by a man who purchased a .32 "Safety Automatic" Iver Johnson at the Walbridge hardware store and who was inspired by Gaetano Bresci's murder of Umberto I of Italy. This event, which occurred at the Temple of Music at the 1901 Pan American Exposition in Buffalo, was carried out by Leon Czolgosz. For ten points, name this killing of the 25th U.S. President

ANSWER: Assassination of William McKinley

(6) This composer wrote the twelve-tone Connotations for the opening of Lincoln Center and incorporated four folk melodies into his El Salon Mexico. He quoted "Camptown Races" in a composition that features a narrator reciting the Gettysburg Address. He depicted a couple in western Pennsylvania in a ballet choreographed by Martha Graham that incorporates the Shaker hymn "Simple Gifts." for ten points, name this American composer of Lincoln Portrait and Appalachian Spring.

ANSWER: Aaron Copland

(7) With Fred Archer, this artist gave pure white a value of ten in the Zone System. He showed Japanese-Americans at Manzanar in his work Born Free and Equal, and with Willard Van Dyke and Edward Weston, he formed the group | f/64. This artist captured images of El Capitan and a round granite formation in Yosemite National Park. For ten points, name this photographer of Moon and Half Dome.

ANSWER: Ansel Easton Adams

(8) A war against the town of Visby led to a conflict between this country and the Hanseatic League, with whom King Valdemar IV of this country concluded the Peace of Stralsund. Christian I was the first member of this country's Oldenburg dynasty, the oldest continuously reigning dynasty in Europe, and Canute IV of this country was killed by peasants in its city of Odense. Briefly ascendant over Sweden and Norway in the Kalmar Union, this nation is currently ruled by Margaret II. For ten points, name this country with capital at Copenhagen.

ANSWER: **Denmark**

(9) In one wartime film, this character wakes up from a dream where he had to work in a Nazi factory tightening shells. This star of "Der Fuhrer's Face" has an uncle who is the richest character in their fictional universe .This character wears a sailor's outfit with a red bow tie but no pants. This character's nephews are Huey, Dewey, and Louie. For ten points, name this Disney-created duck.

ANSWER: **Donald** Duck

(10) This character discusses fighting off sea monsters called "nicoras." Wiglaf is the only person who attends this man in death, and is crowned king as a result. Unferth apologizes for doubting this character by granting him the sword Hrunting. For ten points, name this title character of the oldest surviving work of Old English poetry, an epic hero defeats Grendel.

ANSWER: Beowulf

Second Quarter

(1) This kingdom defeated King Zwide by dividing his army at the Mhlatuze River. Mpande ruled this kingdom after surviving Dingane's purges; Mpande's son, Cetshwayo, led this empire to an early victory at Isandlwana over the British before losing its capital, Ulundi, in 1879. For ten points, name this south African kingdom, led in the early 19th century by Shaka.

ANSWER: Zulu Kingdom or Empire

BONUS: Shaka developed the iklwa, an improvement over the assegai, which was a thrown version of this weapon.

ANSWER: spear

(2) One holder of this position ordered the kidnapping of Adolf Eichmann. Another member of this position said "I deeply regret that some perceive my being here as political," in a 2015 address to Congress. The only holder of this office to be assassinated was Yitzhak Rabin, and the only woman to hold this position was Golda Meir. For ten points, name this position first held by David Ben-Gurion and currently held by Benjamin Netanyahu, the head of state of a Middle Eastern Jewish country.

ANSWER: Prime Minister of Israel

BONUS: Netanyahu is a member of this Israeli political party, from which Ariel Sharon split to form the Kadima party in 2005.

ANSWER: Likud Party

(3) This man noted that "The clock cannot be set back. You cannot restore Central Europe to 1870" in a work that lamented Clemenceau's "Carthaginian Peace." This thinker, who predicted the damaging effects of harsh reparations in The Economic Consequences of the Peace, argued that natural business cycles should be moderated by government intervention. For ten points, name this British economist who outlined modern macroeconomics with his General Theory of Employment, Interest, and Money.

ANSWER: John Maynard Keynes

BONUS: This New York Times columnist and modern Keynesian thinker won the 2008 Economics Nobel Prize as his theories of international trade were being tested in the recovery from the Great Recession.

ANSWER: Paul Krugman

(4) Tomas Cloma established the Free Territory of Freedomland in this body of water. The "nine-dotted line" designates one country's territorial claims in this body of water. Several countries dispute the potential oil reserves of this body of water's Paracel and Spratly Islands. For ten points, name this body of water that borders the Philippines, Vietnam, and a large Asian country.

ANSWER: South China Sea [do not accept "East China Sea"]

BONUS: This island, part of the smallest Chinese province, is in the South China Sea, across the Qiongzhou Strait from the mainland.

ANSWER: Hainan

(5) Supposedly, prior to this battle, Cyrsillus and his wife were stoned for suggesting surrender. The slave Sicinnus was sent to an enemy commander to entice him to fight this battle, which would later be followed up by the Battle of Mycale. Washed up sailors were slaughtered on Psyttaleia by Aristides, and a throne was erected for the losing commander to watch the battle. This battle vindicated the "wooden walls" of Themistocles, who advocated abandoning Athens prior to this battle. The battles of Artemisium and Thermopylae were fought prior to, for ten points, what naval battle, a victory for the allied Greeks over Xerxes I?

ANSWER: Battle of Salamis

BONUS: One commander under Xerxes was Queen Artemisia of this place, which was also the birthplace of Herodotus and the site of a notable mausoleum.

ANSWER: Halicarnassus

(6) This year saw the National Liberal party push Frederick VII to create a new constitution, which made him share power with the Rigsdag. This year saw William O'Brien lead the Young Irelander Rebellion, and the March Revolution in this year in Germany led to the Frankfurt Assembly offering the German crown to Wilhelm IV. Klemens von Metternich resigned as Chancellor of Austria in this year, which saw the establishment of the French Second Republic. For ten points, name this year that saw multiple revolutions against various European Governments.

ANSWER: 1848

BONUS: Wilhelm IV was from this royal line that would rule Imperial Germany until the end of WW1.

ANSWER: **Hohenzollern** Dynasty

(7) This man rose to his highest post after starring in a political ad that opposed the Superannuation Corporation by implying it would lead to Communism, represented by animated dancing Cossacks. In spite of possible violence, he welcomed the Springbok Tour in 1981. For ten points, name this National Party leader from Tamaki, who served as New Zealand's Prime Minister in the Third National Government from 1975 to 1984.

ANSWER: Robert Muldoon

BONUS: The 1981 Springbok Tour brought an all-white South African team of what sport to New Zealand, ten years after their tour of Australia was vigorously protested?

ANSWER: **rugby** union

(8) This city was the capital of a sultanate that, after losing the Battle of Marj Dabiq, was conquered in 1517 by Selim I. Muhammad Ali Pasha westernized this former capital of the Mamluk sultanate and current capital of the Arab League. Port Said is north of, and the Suez Canal is east of, for ten points, what city whose outskirts are home to the Great Pyramid of Giza, the capital of Egypt?

ANSWER: Cairo

BONUS: Egypt was expelled from the Arab League after signing a separate peace treaty with this country, which it first recognized in that treaty.

ANSWER: Israel

Third Quarter

Italian Cities

Which Italian city...

(1) Is home to the Colosseum?

ANSWER: Rome

(2) Was the supposed site of Galileo's experiment dropping weights off the Leaning Tower?

ANSWER: Pisa

(3) Is situated on over one hundred islands, separated by canals?

ANSWER: Venice

(4) Is the capital of Tuscany and the birthplace of the Renaissance?

ANSWER: Florence

(5) Is home to La Scala Opera House and was ruled by the Visconti family?

ANSWER: Milan

(6) Was the birthplace of Christopher Columbus?

ANSWER: Genoa

(7) Was the "fair" setting of Shakespeare's Romeo and Juliet?

ANSWER: Verona

(8) Is home to many of Palladio's villas and an 800-year old university where Galileo taught math?

ANSWER: Padua

The Soviet Union

In this history of the Soviet Union, who or what was...

(1) Its capital?

ANSWER: Moscow

(2) the walled fortress near Red Square where Soviet leaders ruled?

ANSWER: Kremlin

(3) The dictator whose 1938 Great Purge ousted political dissidents?

ANSWER: Joseph Stalin (or Josef Vissarionovich Dzhugashvilli)

(4) The USSR's intelligence agency, once led by Yuri Andropov?

ANSWER: $\underline{\textbf{KGB}}$ (or $\underline{\textbf{Komitet gosudarstvennoy bezopasnosti}};$ or the $\underline{\textbf{Committee for State}}$

(5) the Soviet defense treaty meant to counter NATO?

ANSWER: Warsaw Pact

(6) Its final Premier, who resigned in 1991?

ANSWER: Mikhail Gorbachev

(7) the process of political restructuring that hastened the end of the USSR?

ANSWER: perestroika

(8) The agency led by Nikolai Yezhov which carried out the Great Purge?

ANSWER: **NKVD** (or **Narodnyy Komissariat Vnutrennikh Del**)

Bill Clinton

Bill Clinton...

(1) Is married to which Democratic Presidential candidate?

ANSWER: Hillary Rodham Clinton

(2) Served with which Vice President?

ANSWER: Al Gore

(3) Served as what state's Governor?

ANSWER: Arkansas

(4) Had an "inappropriate relationship" with which White House intern?

ANSWER: Monica Lewinsky

(5) Earned what academic honor, allowing him to study in Oxford?

ANSWER: Rhodes scholarship

(6) Signed what law that was later ruled unconstitutional by the Supreme Court in U.S. v. Windsor?

ANSWER: **Defense of Marriage** Act (or **DOMA**)

(7) Issued over 100 of what orders on his last day in office, controversially including tax evader Marc Rich?

ANSWER: pardons (do not accept commutations)

(8) employed which first female Attorney General?

ANSWER: Janet Reno

Fourth Quarter

(1) After being defeated in World War I, this country lost much of its land in the Treaty of Trianon, but some of that land was later restored by Austria in the First Vienna Award. The Nazi-backed (+) Arrow Cross Party ended this country's "regency" after it overthrew Miklos (*) Horthy. In the aftermath of World War II, this country was occupied by the Soviet Union, which later put down this country's 1956 Revolution. For ten points, name this European country with capital Budapest.

ANSWER: **Hungary**

(2) John Aaron rationed battery power during this event. Ken Mattingly was supposed to have participated in this event but was unable due to (+) German Measles, while Fred Haise suffered a serious urinary tract infection during it. During this event, the service (*) module's number 2 oxygen tank suffered a failure, causing Jack Swigert and Jim Lovell to report "Houston, we've had a problem." for ten points, name this NASA mission whose moon landing was aborted but which returned safely to Earth.

ANSWER: Apollo 13

(3) One of these conflicts was triggered by the seizure of a ship believed to be held by pirates, the Arrow. Lin Zexu served as a naval commander during the first of these wars that was ended with the Treaty of the (+) Bogue. Another of these wars was started by the Kowloon Incident. Their aftermath ended the (*) Canton System with the "unequal treaty" of Nanking. For ten points, name these 19th century wars fought in China over a drug processed from poppies.

ANSWER: Opium Wars

(4) Alicia Garza and Patrisse Cullors are credited with originating this movement. In August 2015, Elizabeth Hasselbeck questioned whether this group should be identified as a (+) hate group, while other opposition to this movement has focused on support for law enforcement. Though it was created in (*) 2013, it became nationally prominent after the death of Michael Brown. For ten points, name this civil rights protest movement whose three-word name protests the lack of human rights for a minority group.

ANSWER: **Black Lives Matter** (accept if given as a hashtag)

(5) This painting is a companion to The Charge of the Mamelukes. It includes a cubic lantern that illuminates the pile of (+) bodies below the group on the left. In this work, a monk huddles near a man in white and yellow, who stands with his arms (*) stretched upwards in surrender. For ten points, name this painting in which a shadowy Napoleonic firing squad takes aim at Spanish citizens in Madrid, a painting by Francisco Goya.

ANSWER: The <u>Third of May, 1808</u>: The Execution of the Defenders of Madrid (accept El <u>tres</u> <u>de mayo de 1808</u> en Madrid or Los <u>fusilamientos de la montaña del Principe Pio</u> or Los <u>fusilamientos del tres de may</u>)

(6) An incident in this body of water's Macondo Prospect led to a moratorium announced by Ken Salazar. A delta known as the Bird's Foot extends into this body of water, whose coast is home to many (+) bayous. Oil gushed into this body of water for 87 days in 2010 after the Deepwater Horizon explosion, and a (*) 2005 hurricane that gained strength here devastated New Orleans. For ten points, name this gulf of the Atlantic Ocean where Hurricane Katrina struck the Mississippi River Delta.

ANSWER: Gulf of Mexico

(7) These are the two largest cities on the Heretaunga Plains. Lawrence Yule and Bill Dalton currently lead these cities, which are separated by the (+) Tutaekuri and Ngaruroro Rivers. Waiohiki and Pakowhai Regional Park lie between these cities, which a (*) failed 1999 referendum sought to combine. For ten points, name this pair of twin cities on Hawke's Bay on North Island.

ANSWER: Napier and Hastings

(8) One battle at this site saw Bruno von Mudra and Karl von Eimen lead assaults on the French Fourth army under Henri Gouraud. Another battle here was preceded by the replacement of Charles (+) Lanzerac with Louis d'Esprey for "lacking offensive spirit." After that battle, Helmuth (*) Von Moltke proclaimed "Majesty, we have lost the war" and abandoned the Schlieffen plan. Taxicabs brought soldiers to, for ten points, what site of an early Allied victory in WW1 that saved Paris?

ANSWER: (Battles of the) Marne River

Extra Question

Only read if you need a backup or tiebreaker!

(1) This man married his first cousin Zerelda Simms in the same year that his gang killed Pinkerton agent, Louis Lull. John Newman Edwards published this man's letters in the (+) Kansas City Times. Cashier Joseph Heywood was killed when this man, with his brother (*) Frank, tried to raid the First National Bank of Northfield, Minnesota. For ten points, name this American outlaw of the Wild West who was killed for the wanted money by Robert Ford.

ANSWER: Jesse **James**

BONUS: In which World War II battle did Joe Rosenthal capture an image of Marines raising

an American flag?

ANSWER: Battle of **Iwo Jima**