

Bowl Round 4 – MIDDLE SCHOOL

First Quarter

(1) This group transformed a high school into the notorious torture center S-21. After overthrowing Lon Nol to take power, this group set the calendar to “Year Zero” and sought to create an agrarian society. The “killing fields” were operated by, for ten points, what communist organization led by Pol Pot that ruled Cambodia in the 1970s?

ANSWER: **Khmer Rouge**

(2) The Praetorian Guard was established by this ruler. This man, who gave himself the title of “First Citizen,” or “princeps,” came to power after outlasting the Second Triumvirate and winning the battle of Actium, forcing his rival Marc Antony to commit suicide. For ten points, name this first emperor of Rome.

ANSWER: **Augustus** Caesar (or **Octavian**; accept Gaius Julius Caesar **Augustus**; accept Gaius **Octavius** Thurinus; prompt on Caesar; do not prompt on Julius Caesar)

(3) A golfer from this country became the first non-American to win a career Grand Slam in 1968. One of the earliest non-European golf clubs was founded in this country’s city of Durban. Gary Player is a golfer from this country who controversially supported Hendrik Verwoerd [feh-vert], though he later disavowed him. For ten points, name this country where the Cape Town Open is held.

ANSWER: **South Africa**

(4) This country, which lost a plebiscite awarding control of the Teschen district, defeated an invading force under Marshal Tukachevsky. The key battle of that campaign took place in this country’s capital and was nicknamed the “Miracle on the Vistula”. For ten points, name this country led by Jozef Pilsudski from Warsaw.

ANSWER: **Poland**

(5) One government in this country fell after its parliament building suffered a fire in the early 1930’s. Thanks to heavy debt from the War Guilt Clause, this country faced hyperinflation of the deutschemark. For ten points, name this country where the Weimar Republic was established after World War I, and where the Reichstag fire took place in Berlin.

ANSWER: **Germany**

(6) A new religious movement in this country became recognized as a terrorist group after it released sarin gas in a subway. A controversial shrine in this country honors war criminals, and many other shrines in this country honor spirits or deities called “kami.” For ten points, name this East Asian country home to Shintoism.

ANSWER: **Japan** (or **Nippon**; or **Nihon**)

(7) A perpetrator of this event was apprehended in the Niihau incident by civilians. This event was carried out in two waves by Vals and Zeroes, who sunk the Arizona. President Roosevelt lamented “a date that will live in infamy” in a speech to Congress after, for ten points, what surprise attack that brought America into World War II?

ANSWER: attack on **Pearl Harbor**

(8) In response to a crash involving 89 asylum seekers off Christmas Island, this politician announced the 'Malaysian solution'. This politician won a 2010 election during a hung parliament as deputy to the prime minister at that time. Under this politician, same-sex marriage in Australia was made legal. Preceded and succeeded by Kevin Rudd, this is, for ten points, which first female Prime Minister of Australia?

ANSWER: Julia **Gillard**

Second Quarter

(1) Under the advice of chancellor Li Si, this man implemented increasingly Legalist policies. This man burned the books of Confucian scholars and buried them alive to eliminate dissent. To prepare for the afterlife, this man adorned his tomb with thousands of terracotta warriors. For ten points, name this first emperor of a unified China.

ANSWER: Qin **Shi Huangdi** (accept **Ying Zheng**; accept **Zhao Zheng**; accept **King Zheng** of Qin)

BONUS: Qin Shi Huangdi oversaw the construction of one of these engineering projects known as Lingqu. A "Grand" one of these projects connects Beijing and Hangzhou.

ANSWER: **canals**

(2) A speech by this man advocated for a policy of "malice toward none with charity for all." This man noted that a "government by the people... will not perish from this earth" in a speech that began "Four score and seven years ago..." For ten points, name this US President who delivered the Gettysburg Address before being shot just after the end of the US Civil War.

ANSWER: Abraham **Lincoln**

BONUS: Abraham Lincoln was assassinated by this man, an actor and Confederate sympathizer.

ANSWER: John Wilkes **Booth**

(3) Controversial findings by the Agranat Commission forced a leader of this country to resign in 1974. Another leader of this country was assassinated by Yigal Amir; that leader was known as Yitzhak Rabin. This country has been led in recent years by Benjain Netanyahu. For ten points, name this country where politicians have often had to deal with security concerns in cities like Tel Aviv.

ANSWER: **Israel**

BONUS: A bombing at a hotel in Jerusalem named for which Biblical King played a role in Israel's independence war?

ANSWER: King **David** (Hotel)

(4) During a siege of this city was betrayed by a woman who was crushed by shields before being thrown from the Tarpeian rock. Those sieges were carried out by Lars Porsenna and Titus Tatius, the latter being a king of the Sabines. The early history of this city was described in Livys Ab Urbe Condita. For ten points, name this city legendarily founded by Romulus and Remus.

ANSWER: **Rome**

BONUS: Lars Porsenna was a king of Clusium, a city founded by these people. This civilization dominated northern Italy until its conquest by Rome in the 4th Century BC.

ANSWER: **Etruscans**

(5) This war was preceded by a change in alliances, in which France allied with Austria and Britain allied with Prussia. This war was ended by a 1763 Treaty of Paris. Frederick the Great participated in, for ten points, what expansive conflict that included the French and Indian War and was named for its length in year?

ANSWER: **Seven Years** War (do not accept French and Indian War)

BONUS: French forces departed from the northern part of which continent after the Seven Years War, except for the small offshore islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon?

ANSWER: **North America**

(6) This language's 7th century Kufic style of calligraphy is based on straight lines and right angles. Like other languages in its family, including Hebrew, this language builds words around three-consonant roots. The "Modern Standard" variety of this language is commonly used in literature and the news, despite the wide variance in dialects. This language's writing system lends its name to the term abjad, for an alphabet without vowels. For ten points, name this primary language spoken in Morocco, Egypt, and Qatar.

ANSWER: **Arabic** (or al-'**arabiyyah**)

BONUS: Arabic and Hebrew belong to this five-millennia-old language family, which also includes Amharic, Syriac, and Maltese.

ANSWER: **Semitic** languages (prompt on Afro-Asiatic languages)

(7) A policeman complained "I have just bought some new furniture" when he was suspended from his job in 1963 after the revelation that he had arrested this author years earlier. This author, who called herself a "bundle of contradictions," addressed her work to a character she created named "Kitty." For ten points, name this author who died in Bergen-Belsen concentration camp after writing a diary in hiding.

ANSWER: Annelise Mary "Anne" **Frank**

BONUS: Anne Frank's family hid in a house on the Prinsengracht canal in a series of rooms known by this name, which was also the original title of Anne's diary when it was first published.

ANSWER: the Secret **Annex** (or Het **Achterhuis**)

(8) An Eddie Adams photograph taken during this war shows a police chief holding a gun to the head of a prisoner on a public road moments before executing him. Australia lost just over 500 soldiers during this war, making it the deadliest conflict for Australia since World War II. A photograph of Mary Ann Vecchio kneeling over the body of Jeffrey Miller was taken at Kent State University during, for ten points, what heavily protested 1970s war whose veterans are memorialized by a wall in Washington, D.C.?

ANSWER: **Vietnam** War

BONUS: Australian forces were deployed to Vietnam in 1975 to assist with the evacuation of which capital city of South Vietnam, later renamed Ho Chi Minh City?

ANSWER: **Saigon**

Third Quarter

The categories are ...

1. The Space Race
2. French Revolution
3. Central Asia

The Space Race

Name the...

- (1) Former country that was the rival of the USA in the Space Race during the Cold War

ANSWER: **USSR** or **Soviet Union**

- (2) US government agency responsible for the administration of the space program.

ANSWER: **NASA** (or **National **Aeronautics and **Space **Administration**)******

- (3) First artificial Earth satellite, launched in 1957

ANSWER: **Sputnik 1**

- (4) First man in space, who entered orbit in the Vostok 1 in 1961.

ANSWER: Yuri Alekseyevich **Gagarin**

- (5) First woman in space.

ANSWER: Valentina **Tereshkova**

- (6) God of the sun whom the American moon landing program was named after.

ANSWER: **Apollo**

French Revolution

Name the...

- (1) French King beheaded in 1793 along with his wife, Marie Antoinette.

ANSWER: **Louis XVI** [16] (prompt on Louis)

- (2) Prison that was stormed in 1789, marking the beginning of the French Revolution.

ANSWER: **Bastille** Saint-Antoine

- (3) Revolutionary who was executed in July 1794 after growing the Committee of Public Safety during the Reign of Terror.

ANSWER: Maximilien **Robespierre**

- (4) French aristocrat and officer who fought in the American Revolution before joining in the French Revolution.

ANSWER: Marquis de **Lafayette**

- (5) Vow taken by members of the Third Estate in 1789, formally establishing their opposition to the ruling monarch.

ANSWER: **Tennis Court** Oath

- (6) French royal palace and namesake of a treaty that was attacked by a mob during the Revolution.

ANSWER: **Versailles**

Central Asia

Name the...

(1) Country that split apart in 1991 creating 5 new Central Asian Republics ending in -stan

ANSWER: Soviet Union or USSR

(2) Country parodied in the Borat movie which moved its capital to Astana.

ANSWER: Kazakhstan

(3) Salt water sea that is actually the world's largest lake on which Russia maintains naval forces.

ANSWER: Caspian Sea

(4) Inland sea to the east of that body of water which has shrunk by over 50% over the past century

ANSWER: Aral Sea

(5) Country where Australian and New Zealand troops were deployed to in 2001 to fight the Taliban.

ANSWER: Afghanistan

(6) Country formerly ruled by the eccentric Saparmurat Niyazov who formed a cult of personality.

ANSWER: Turkmenistan**Fourth Quarter**

(1) **In one work, this man notes how “no lie can live forever.” This orator of the “How Long, Not Long” speech claimed that a group has been given a “check which has come back marked (+) insufficient funds” after predicting an “invigorating autumn of freedom and equality.” In that speech, this man hopes his four children will be (*) “judged not by the color of their skin but by the content of their character.”** For ten points, name this civil rights activist who gave the “I Have a Dream” speech.

ANSWER: Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. (accept MLK)

(2) **This institution was based on the earlier katorga system, and its growth turned Magadan into an industrial city. This institution was praised in the report Solovki by Maxim Gorky. This system was compared to an (+) archipelago in an Alexander Solzhenitsyn novel that brought it to the public’s attention. NKVD-led kangaroo (*) trials led political opponents to be sent to these locations.** For ten points, name this system of forced labor camps set up in Siberia under Joseph Stalin.

ANSWER: gulag system

(3) **Koumbi Saleh served as the capital of an empire named for this country. The predominance of a namesake good that, along with salt, was traded extensively in this country, led it to be called the (+) Gold Coast. Kofi Annan was a UN Secretary General (*) from this country.** East of the Ivory Coast is, for ten points, what African country where urban growth has led to traffic problems in Accra?

ANSWER: Ghana

(4) **Senator James Dunn referred to Sir George Pearce as the 'Minister for this conflict', while another major figure referred to his enemy in this conflict as (+) "Zulus whom even dum dum bullets could not stop". This conflict started in the district of Campion, where Major G.P.W. Meredith led a band of (*) soldiers armed with Lewis rifles. For ten points, name this failed wildlife management operation to exterminate a flightless bird, which was given a rather overblown name.**

ANSWER: Great **Emu** War

(5) **Archibald Campbell introduced the cultivation of a variety of this good in a namesake town of West Bengal. In India, this good's namesake board has historically aimed to prevent the false labeling of its rare (+) Darjeeling variety. Ayurvedic traditions helped bring about the tradition of (*) drinking herbal varieties of, for ten points, what beverage that comes in green and Earl Grey varieties**

ANSWER: **Tea**

(6) **The Deer Cave and Gormantong Caves are located on this island. This island's coastal region was once dominated by the (+) Bruneian Empire and it is currently split politically between three Southeast Asian countries. This island is the (*) third largest in the world and the largest in Asia. For ten points, name this island where orangutan populations have recently declined in both its Indonesian and Malaysian portions.**

ANSWER: **Borneo**

(7) **These people traditionally dropped flowers and saluted while passing Mount Kaimon. They first appeared at the Battle of (+) Leyte Gulf, but became so prevalent at Okinawa that the battle became known as the "typhoon of steel." These people commonly carried out their (*) attacks aboard Zeroes. For ten points, give this term for World War II-era Japanese pilots who targeted their planes into Allied ships on suicide missions.**

ANSWER: **kamikaze** pilots (prompt on descriptive answers of Japanese pilots and/or suicide attackers; prompt on "divine wind")

(8) **This man was ordered to recite the Seven Penitential Psalms weekly for three years. Robert Bellarmine was a primary antagonist of the target of this man, whose trial occurred several decades after a similar incident resulted in the (+) execution of Giordano Bruno. This man was sentenced to (*) house arrest in Italy 1633. For ten points, name this Italian scientist who was forced to recant his belief that the earth revolved around the sun**

ANSWER: **Galileo Galilei** (accept either first or last name)

Extra Question - Only read if you need a backup or tiebreaker!

(1) **Josef Terboven replaced a Nazi collaborator who led this country during World War II who is considered a national traitor in this country, (+) Vidkun Quisling. In the 1960s and 70s, this country's oil industry grew after the exploration of North Sea sites like Statfjord. For ten points, name this Scandinavian country where oil wealth has made Oslo one of the world's most expensive cities.**

ANSWER: Kingdom of **Norway**

BONUS: What governing document preceded the US Constitution and was replaced after its shortcomings became clear in Shays' Rebellion?

ANSWER: **Articles of Confederation**