

Bowl Round 6

First Quarter

(1) The British Legions under Miguel de la Torre lost to Jose Antonio Paez, who led this nation's forces at the Battle of Carabobo. Simon Bolivar's Decree of War to the Death primarily pertained to this country. For ten points, name this South American country that gained independence after the Battle of Lake Maracaibo and which has been the site of recent political unrest against the Maduro regime in Caracas.

ANSWER: **Venezuela**

(2) This sport was introduced to the region of Aquitaine by British traders and immigrants, leading to its popularity in that portion of France. Brian Driscoll's record in this sport was overtaken by Richie McCaw, who is the most capped player of this sport of all time. Jonah Lomu played his first international game in this sport at the age of 19. For ten points, name this sport played by the New Zealand All Blacks team.

ANSWER: **Rugby**

(3) The Thirty Years' Peace failed to create a lasting end to this war. One side in this war aimed to use the port of Piraeus to supply itself while defending from within the Long Walls, but that strategy was thwarted after it lost at Aegospotami. Plague took the life of Pericles during, for ten points, what 5th century BC war between Athens and Sparta?

ANSWER: **Peloponnesian** War

(4) This empire built sculptures of winged lions with human heads that were known as lamassu. Artifacts of this empire were excavated at Dur-Sharrukin, a former capital located in present-day Khorsabad. This empire besieged Hezekiah at Jerusalem during the reign of Sennacherib. A large ancient library was built by this empire's ruler Ashurbanipal. For ten points, name this Iron Age empire centered at Nineveh.

ANSWER: Neo-**Assyrian** Empire

(5) In this city, the Fortaleza do Monte overlooks the remains of a church whose facade was constructed by Japanese Christians under Carlo Spinola. The Bridge of Friendship is one of three bridges connecting parts of this city, where reclamation projects connected the islands of Coloane and Taipa. For ten points, name this special administrative region in the Pearl River Delta alongside Hong Kong, a city that was under Portuguese control until 1999.

ANSWER: **Macau**

(6) Vladimir Putin once scared this leader with his dog Koni. This leader compared the NSA to the Stasi after it was revealed that this leader's personal mobile phone was being tapped by the NSA. In 2018, she chose not to seek reelection as her party's leader after setbacks in the Bavarian state elections and was succeeded by Annegret Kramp-Karrenbauer. For ten points, which leader of the Christian Democratic Union has served as Chancellor of Germany since 2005?

ANSWER: Angela **Merkel**

(7) A rebellion against this empire was led by one of its former generals, Skanderbeg. This country's government was known as the Sublime Porte and was once based in Edirne. One ruler of this country, Bayezid the Thunderbolt, was captured by Timur at the Battle of Ankara. For ten points, name this empire that was led by Murad II and other sultans from what is now Turkey.

ANSWER: **Ottoman** Empire

(8) This man defeated Imagawa Yoshimoto at the Battle of Okehazama. He won a decisive victory against the cavalry forces of Takeda Katsuyori at the Battle of Nagashino along which his ally Tokugawa Ieyasu. This leader committed seppuku after he was betrayed by his retainer Akechi Mitsuhide during the Honno-Ji incident. For ten points, name this first great unifier of Japan who was succeeded by Toyotomi Hideyoshi.

ANSWER: **Oda** Nobunaga

(9) This country has faced a recent twenty fold increase in crocodile, which some of its inhabitants are blaming on crocodiles migrating here from Australia. Under John Howard, Australia led a multinational intervention force in this country in 1999 to 2000 after it held an referendum in which it voted overwhelmingly for independence from Indonesia. For ten points, name this country which occupies the eastern half of the largest of the Lesser Sunda Islands.

ANSWER: **East Timor** or **Timor-Leste**

(10) One leader of this country was nicknamed "the pineapple" for his heavy acne and was the target of Operation Nifty Package. That leader of this country took power two years after the death of this country's former leader Omar Torrijos and was overthrown in Operation Just Cause after his role as a conduit for Colombian drug cartels was revealed. Manuel Noriega once led, for ten points, what Central American country home to a famous canal?

ANSWER: **Panama**

Second Quarter

(1) The Barmakids were influential during the rule of this dynasty, which suppressed a series of African slave revolts called the zanj. This empire defeated the Tang Dynasty at the Battle of Talas River, although its last ruler al-Musta'sim, was rolled up in a carpet and trampled to death during Hulagu Khan's 1258 siege of its capital. For ten points, name this Baghdad-based caliphate that succeeded the Umayyad.

ANSWER: **Abbasid** Caliphate (accept al-Khilafatu al-**Abbasiyah**)

BONUS: Abbasid caliph Harun al-Rashid founded this library in Baghdad, which became a center of learning for science and the humanities. It was destroyed in the 1258 sack of Baghdad.

ANSWER: **House of Wisdom** (or **Bayt al-Hikmah**)

(2) This battle began after one side marched through Normandy to provoke the Duke of Guyenne. A successful attack against the enemy baggage train in this battle was the only bright spot for the losing side, whose heavy cavalry was neutralized by heavy rains, mounted stakes, and English longbows. For ten points, name this 1415 battle, a victory for England in the Hundred Years' War.

ANSWER: Battle of **Agincourt**

BONUS: Which English king commanded English forces at the Battle of Agincourt and is the subject of a history play by Shakespeare in which the battle figures?

ANSWER: **Henry V**

(3) A cheese spread made by this civilization was known as Moretum. This civilization built the Barbegal complex to as a watermill to process grain, and they used the Burdigala region to grow wine grapes. Garum was a fish sauce created by this civilization, whose Frumentarii secret service collected wheat. For ten points, name this ancient civilization whose agricultural writings include works by Cato the Elder.

ANSWER: ancient **Rome** (or **Roman**)

BONUS: The oldest surviving work of prose in Latin is Cato the Elder's work on agriculture, which heavily influenced this Roman writer's ten volume Natural History.

ANSWER: **Pliny** the Elder

(4) Ingvar Kamprad, the founder of IKEA, drew controversy by moving his production facilities to this country. This country liberalized under the leadership of Wladyslaw Gomulka [vlad-ee-slav go-moo-ka]. The wave of protests that eventually overthrew this country's Communist government began at the Lenin Shipyard. For ten points, name this Eastern European country where Lech Walesa [lek vah-wen-sah] led the Solidarity movement.

ANSWER: **Poland**

BONUS: The Lenin Shipyard is found in, and now named for, this Polish city on the coast of the Baltic Sea.

ANSWER: **Gdansk** (or **Danzig**)

(5) In 1937, this leader gave a Christmas Day radio address to the American people in which he asserted "war is not the only means to stop war". In another address, this man claimed that "God and history will remember your judgement" and later said "It is us today. It will be you tomorrow". That address to the League of Nations took place after his country was invaded by Italian forces in 1935. For ten points, name this Emperor of Ethiopia revered by the Rastafari movement.

ANSWER: **Haile Selassie I**

BONUS: Haile Selassie is revered in the Rastafarian religious movement which first developed on which island?

ANSWER: **Jamaica**

(6) Early on this in work, a religious figure calls for the return of his daughter Chryseis, who had been abducted. The "Catalogue of the Ships" is a section of this work whose central event occurs after the wife of Menelaus is abducted by the brother of Hector. Paris is killed in this work whose aftermath is the subject of the *Odyssey*. For ten points, name this Homeric epic that focuses on the Trojan War.

ANSWER: *The* **Iliad**

BONUS: Which man personally carried a copy of *The Iliad* during his conquests in Asia in the 4th century BC?

ANSWER: **Alexander the Great**

(7) At the beginning of this event, a cannon firing led to the release of 25,000 pigeons, many of whom defecated on the audience. At this event, Luz Long competed against an African-American track and field star who won four gold medals named Jesse Owens. For ten points, name this pre-World War II athletic event that was overseen by Adolf Hitler.

ANSWER: 1936 **Berlin** Summer **Olympics**

BONUS: The cancelled 1940 Olympics were scheduled to take place in which Asian capital city, which eventually hosted it in 1964?

ANSWER: **Tokyo**

(8) This man, who was the first to reprint a Masonic book in America, compiled thirteen virtues in his unfinished autobiography. This ambassador to France obtained the letters of Thomas Hutchinson, and drew a political cartoon of a chopped-up snake with the words "Join or Die" to support his Albany Plan. For ten points, name this Founding Father and author of Poor Richard's Almanack, who performed a famous kite experiment in a thunderstorm.

ANSWER: Benjamin **Franklin**

BONUS: Benjamin Franklin founded this Ivy League university in Philadelphia, currently home to the Wharton School.

ANSWER: University of **Pennsylvania**

Third Quarter

The categories are ...

1. Revolutionaries
2. Joseph Stalin
3. The Decline of Imperial China

Revolutionaries

Name the...

(1) Country where Yukio Mishima committed seppuku in 1970 after a failed coup d'etat.

ANSWER: **Japan**

(2) Country whose National Army was joined by Lakshmi Sahgal, who fought for independence from Britain.

ANSWER: **India**

(3) Country where Metis leader and revolutionary Louis (**pr. LOO-ee**) Riel fought in the Red River Rebellion

ANSWER: **Canada**

(4) Country whose 1791-1804 revolution was led by ex-slave Toussaint L'Ouverture.

ANSWER: **Haiti**

(5) African country where Ahmed Ben Bella fought for independence from the French.

ANSWER: **Algeria**

(6) Man who led Philippine forces against Spain and the US; in 1899, he became the first President of the Philippines.

ANSWER: Emilio **Aguinaldo**

(7) Country where Nathan Hale said "I only regret I have but one life to give for my country."

ANSWER: **USA** or **United States** of America

(8) Revolutionary who called for land reforms in Mexico under the Plan de Ayala.

ANSWER: Emiliano **Zapata**

Joseph Stalin

Name the...

(1) Predecessor to Stalin as leader of the Soviet Union.

ANSWER: Vladimir Ilyich **Lenin** (or Vladimir **Ulyanov**)

(2) Russian revolutionary whom Stalin exiled and had killed in Mexico in 1940.

ANSWER: Leon **Trotsky**

(3) 1945 conference, held in the Crimea, of the leaders of the US, UK, and USSR to discuss a post-World War II peace plan.

ANSWER: **Yalta** Conference

(4) Modern country where Stalin killed millions of people in a famine known as Holodomor in the 1930s.

ANSWER: **Ukraine**

(5) Series of centralized economic development plans developed by Stalin which continued after his death until 1991.

ANSWER: **Five-Year Plans**

(6) Secret police service under Stalin, responsible for carrying out executing Stalin's mass purges; it preceded the KGB.

ANSWER: **NKVD** (accept **People's Commissariat for Internal Affairs**; accept **Narodnyy Komissariat Vnutrennikh Del**)

(7) Ethnicity of Stalin, as well as Mikhail Saakashvili and others in the Caucasus region

ANSWER: **Georgian**

(8) Year in which Stalin was taken by surprise by Operation Barbarossa.

ANSWER: **1941****The Decline of Imperial China**

Name the...

(1) Final dynasty of China.

ANSWER: **Qing** [ching] Dynasty (do not accept Qin Dynasty)(2) Century in which that dynasty fell during the Xinhai [**shin-high**] Revolution.ANSWER: **20th** century (accept **1900s**)

(3) City where the final Emperor of China resided in the Forbidden City.

ANSWER: **Beijing** (accept **Peking**)

(4) General and mentor to Chiang Kai-Shek who organized several post-Imperial governments.

ANSWER: **Sun** Yat-sen (accept **Sun** Zhongsha)

(5) Empress Dowager who led a coup against the Hundred Days' Reform.

ANSWER: Empress Dowager **Cixi** (accept Empress **Xiaoqinxian**; accept **Xingzhen**)

(6) Last official imperial ruler of China; he was later installed by the Japanese as Emperor of Manchukuo.

ANSWER: **Puyi** (accept **Xuantong** Emperor; accept **Kangde** Emperor)

(7) Government official who assumed the name Hongxian [hong-shee-ahn] Emperor in a short-lived bid for power.

ANSWER: **Yuan** Shikai

(8) City where the Taku forts were used to resist western forces during the Opium War and Boxer Uprising

ANSWER: **Tianjing**

Fourth Quarter

(1) **A clash at Brandy Station took place just before this battle, depriving one side of JEB Stuart's cavalry. The (+) 20th Maine regiment was led by Joshua Chamberlain in defending Little Round Top during this battle, which culminated in an ill-fated attack on (*) Cemetery Ridge by George Pickett's forces. For ten points, name this 1863 battle in Pennsylvania known as the turning point of the Civil War.**

ANSWER: Battle of **Gettysburg**

(2) **In accordance with the Donations of Alexandria, this ruler became joint monarch with (+) Caesarion. Plutarch relates how this ruler hid in a carpet in order to meet with Julius Caesar. This ruler allegedly (*) committed suicide by allowing an asp to bite her breast after her forces were defeated at the Battle of Actium by Octavian. For ten points, name this pharaoh, the lover of Marc Antony.**

ANSWER: **Cleopatra** VII Philopator

(3) **Numerous works written in this country, including Ruslan and Lyudmila and Kashchey the Immortal, use the (+) whole tone scale to give a sense of foreboding evil, a technique developed by a group that included Cesar Cui and was led by Mily (*) Balakirev. For ten points, name this country where nationalism was promoted by The Mighty Handful, a group of five composers including Modest Mussorgsky, Alexander Borodin, and Nikolai Rimsky-Korsakov.**

ANSWER: **Russia** (do not accept Soviet Union)

(4) **This man played for the Birmingham Barons baseball team while he was temporarily retired from his main sport. This man's most successful teammates included a man now known for his (+) basketball diplomacy with North Korea, Dennis Rodman, as well as Scottie Pippen. This man, who led his team to two "three-peats" in the 1990's became famous as a spokesman for (*) Gatorade, and his success led Nike to brand a line of shoes after him. For ten points, name this star for this Chicago Bulls, often considered the best basketball player of the 20th century.**

ANSWER: Michael **Jordan**

(4) **This country's Plain of Jars was heavily bombed during a war centered on the country to its east. This country still espouses (+) Marxist-Leninist ideology, though its city of (*) Luang Prabang has become a center of the tourist trade where many Australian and New Zealand backpackers go river tubing on the Mekong River. For ten points, name this landlocked Southeast Asian nation whose leaders govern from Vientiane.**

ANSWER: **Laos** or **Lao** People's Democratic Republic

(6) **In 2006 in this country, police sparked a protest in which students identified themselves by university IDs, the "I am 132" movement. A 2012 (+) election in this country sparked protests when media bias allegedly contributed to the defeat of Josefina Mota, head of the PAN [spell it out] (*). Enrique Pena Nieto was succeeded in 2018 by Andres Manuel Lopez Obrador in, for ten points, what country south of the United States which Trump said would pay for a wall?**

ANSWER: **Mexico**

(7) **This species was described in 1861 by John Gould who suggested the idea, now-discredited, of a close relationship between it and the kakapo. In 2013, John Young claimed to have found the first documented evidence of this species in over a century, though experts later determined that he had taken a photograph of a phony (+) nest of this species with fake eggs inside. Confirmed evidence then surfaced of this species in 2015 when Steve Murphy captured a live specimen in the (*) dark in Southwestern Queensland.** For ten points, identify this elusive bird species native to the Outback whose name refers to its nocturnal nature.

ANSWER: **Night Parrot**

(8) **The Canut revolts occurred in this industry which was controlled by a class of financiers called fabricants. (+) Louis XVI promoted this industry in the city of Lyon. James I promoted the trade of this good by planting 100,000 (*) mulberry plants.** For ten points, name this textile good that is produced by a namesake worm.

ANSWER: **silk** (prompt on textiles before mentioned)

Extra Question

Only read if you need a backup or tiebreaker!

(1) **During World War II, a hypothetical U.S. operation to invade Brazil was named after this resource. In the Madre de Dios region of Peru, Carlos Fitzcarrald forced workers in this industry to carry a ship over a mountain. After being fed canned fruits and (+) hamburgers, workers harvesting this resource revolted in the Breaking Pans against Henry Ford. Many crimes from harvesting this resource occurred along the Putamayo River. (*) Fordlandia was created to extract,** for ten points, what useful type of sap that is extracted from a tree to make products like tires?

ANSWER: **rubber**

BONUS: Which Canadian city has seen its oil sector grow as the capital of Alberta?

ANSWER: **Edmonton**